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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as shown below. Claims 12, 19, 25, and 27-29 are amended, claims 31-36 are new, and claim 26 is cancelled. A complete set of the claims, showing their current status, is provided below.

1-11. (Cancelled)

12. (Currently amended) A method for producing an islet insulin-producing cell in vitro, the method comprising:

introducing a nucleic acid molecule <u>operably linked to a promoter</u> into a precursor cell *in vitro*, the nucleic acid molecule encoding <u>an a neurendocrine class B basic helix-loop-helix (bHLH) islet</u> transcription factor, said introducing being in an amount sufficient for production of the islet transcription factor and production of <u>an insulin-producing cell islet cells</u>.

- 13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the islet transcription factor is neurogenin3.
- 14. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12, wherein the islet transcription factor is a positive regulator of a neurogenin3 (Ngn3) regulatory pathway.
- 15. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 14, wherein the islet transcription factor is selected from the group consisting of HNF1, HNF3, and HNF6.
- 16. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12, wherein the islet transcription factor is a neuroendocrine bHLH transcription factor selected from the group consisting of a neurogenin1, neurogenin2, NeuroD1/BETA2, neuroD2, math2, NeuroD4/Math3, math1/ATOH1, mash1/ASCL1/ASH1, and mash2.

17. (Cancelled)

18. (Currently amended) The method of claim 12, wherein the insulin-producing cell islet

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eells produced is an insulin-producing islet cell are beta cells.

19. (Currently amended) A method for producing a mammalian islet insulin-producing cell in vitro, the method comprising the steps of:

introducing into a mammalian cell *in vitro* a nucleic acid molecule <u>operably linked to a</u>

<u>promoter, the nucleic acid molecule</u> encoding <u>an a neurendocrine class B bHLH</u> islet transcription factor, said introducing providing for expression of the transcription factor in the mammalian cell and production of <u>the islet cell phenotype</u> <u>insulin</u> in the mammalian cell.

- 20. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein the mammalian cell is a pancreatic cell.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein the islet transcription factor is neurogenin3.
- 22. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein the islet transcription factor is a positive regulator of a neurogenin3 (Ngn3) regulatory pathway.
- 23. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein the islet transcription factor is a neuroendocrine bHLH transcription factor selected from the group consisting of a neurogenin1, neurogenin2, NeuroD1/BETA2, neuroD2, math2, NeuroD4/Math3, math1/ATOH1, mash1/ASCL1/ASH1, and mash2.

24. (Cancelled)

25. (Currently amended) A method for producing a mammalian <u>insulin-producing</u> islet beta cell *in vitro*, the method comprising the steps of:

introducing into a mammalian pancreatic cell *in vitro* a nucleic acid molecule <u>operably linked to</u> <u>a promoter, a nucleic acid molecule</u> encoding neurogenin3 (Ngn3), said introducing providing for expression of Ngn3 in the cell and production of <u>the an islet beta cell phenotype</u> <u>insulin</u> in the cell.

26. (cancelled)

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27. (Currently amended) A method for delivering insulin to the bloodstream of a mammalian subject, the method comprising:

introducing an <u>insulin-producing</u> islet cell produced by the method of claim 25 into a pancreas of a mammalian subject, said introducing providing for production of insulin by the <u>insulin-producing</u> islet cell and delivery of insulin to the bloodstream of the mammalian subject.

28. (Currently amended) A method for delivering insulin to the bloodstream of a mammalian subject, the method comprising:

introducing an <u>insulin-producing</u> islet cell produced by the method of claim 12 into <u>a-panereas</u>
of a mammalian subject, said introducing providing for production of insulin by the <u>insulin-producing</u>
islet cell and delivery of insulin to the bloodstream of the mammalian subject.

29. (Currently amended) A method for delivering insulin to the bloodstream of a mammalian subject, the method comprising:

introducing an <u>insulin-producing</u> islet cell produced by the method of claim 19 into a pancreas of a mammalian subject, said introducing providing for production of insulin by the <u>insulin-producing</u> islet cell and delivery of insulin to the bloodstream of the mammalian subject.

- 30. (**Previously added**) The method of claim 12, where the precursor cell is an adult pancreatic cell.
- 31. (New) The method of claim 12, wherein said bHLH islet transcription factor is a neuroendocrine bHLH transcription factor.
- 32. (New) The method of claim 31, wherein said neuroendocrine bHLH transcription factor is selected from the group consisting of neurogenin1, neurogenin2, neurogenin3, NeuroD1/BETA2, neuroD2, math2, NeuroD4/Math3, math1/ATOH1, mash1/ASCL1/ASH1, and mash2.
- 33. (New) The method of claim 31, wherein said neuroendocrine bHLH transcription factor is selected from the group consisting of neurogenin3, neuroD1 and mash1.



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34. (New) The method of claim 19, wherein said bHLH islet transcription factor is a neuroendocrine bHLH transcription factor.



35. (New) The method of claim 34, wherein said neuroendocrine bHLH transcription factor is selected from the group consisting of neurogenin1, neurogenin2, neurogenin3, NeuroD1/BETA2, neuroD2, math2, NeuroD4/Math3, math1/ATOH1, mash1/ASCL1/ASH1, and mash2.

36. (New) The method of claim 35, wherein said neuroendocrine bHLH transcription factor is selected from the group consisting of neurogenin3, neuroD1 and mash1.